

SOLVOTHERMAL SYNTHESIS, CRYSTAL STRUCTURE AND PHOTOLUMINESCENCE OF Cd(II) COORDINATION POLYMER DERIVED FROM A 1,2,3-TRIAZOLE-BASED TRICARBOXYLATE LIGAND

Viorina Gorinchoy ^{a,*}, Sergiu Shova ^b, Olga Kulikova ^c, Gheorghe Roman ^b,
Vasile Lozan ^a

^aInstitute of Chemistry, Moldova State University, 3, Academiei str., Chisinau MD 2028, Republic of Moldova

^bPetru Poni Institute of Macromolecular Chemistry, 41A Grigore Ghica Voda Alley, Iasi 700487, Romania

^cInstitute of Applied Physics, Moldova State University, 5, Academiei str., Chisinau MD 2028, Republic of Moldova

*e-mail: viorina.gorincioi@sti.usm.md; oviorina@gmail.com

Abstract. A new polymeric complex of cadmium(II) was synthesized under solvothermal conditions by the reaction of 5-(4-carboxy-5-methyl-1*H*-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl) isophthalic acid (H₃L) with cadmium nitrate tetrahydrate in a mixture of *N,N*-dimethylacetamide and water. The obtained compound was investigated using single crystal X-ray diffraction, thermogravimetry, infrared and photoluminescence spectroscopies. The polymeric complex obtained is an infinite 2D coordination polymer with the general formula $\{[\text{Cd}_3\text{L}_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6] \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}\}_n$ (**1**). The intense photoluminescence emission of cadmium (II) complex was observed in the blue-violet region of the spectrum.

Keywords: coordination polymer, 1,2,3-triazole, thermogravimetry, photoluminescence.

Received: 02 October 2025/ Revised final: 09 December 2025/ Accepted: 11 December 2025
